## IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems



## MECHANICAL DATA

## Pinning:

$1=\mathrm{GND}, 2=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}, 3=\mathrm{OUT}$

## FEATURES

- Very low supply current
- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- Improved shielding against EMI
- Supply voltage: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Improved immunity against ambient light
- Insensitive to supply voltage ripple and noise
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912


## DESCRIPTION

The TSOP312.., TSOP314..series are miniaturized IR receiver modules for infrared remote control systems. A PIN diode and a preamplifier are assembled on a leadframe, the epoxy package contains an IR filter.
The demodulated output signal can be directly connected to a microprocessor for decoding.
The TSOP312.., TSOP314.. are optimized to suppress almost all spurious pulses from energy saving lamps like CFLs. The AGC4 used in the TSOP314.. may suppress some data signals. The TSOP312.. is a legacy product for all common IR remote control data formats. Between these two receiver types, the TSOP314.. is preferred. Customers should initially try the TSOP314.. in their design.
These components have not been qualified according to automotive specifications.

| PARTS TABLE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGC |  | LONG BURST REMOTE CONTROLS (AGC2) | RECOMMENDED FOR LONG BURST CODES (AGC4) ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Carrier frequency | 30 kHz | TSOP31230 | TSOP31430 |
|  | 33 kHz | TSOP31233 | TSOP31433 |
|  | 36 kHz | TSOP31236 | TSOP31436 ${ }^{(2)(3)(4)}$ |
|  | 38 kHz | TSOP31238 | TSOP31438 ${ }^{(5)(6)}$ |
|  | 40 kHz | TSOP31240 | TSOP31440 |
|  | 56 kHz | TSOP31256 | TSOP31456 ${ }^{(7)(8)}$ |
| Package |  | Cast |  |
| Pinning |  | 1 = GND, $2=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}, 3=$ OUT |  |
| Dimensions (mm) |  | $10.0 \mathrm{~W} \times 12.5 \mathrm{H} \times 5.8 \mathrm{D}$ |  |
| Mounting |  | Leaded |  |
| Application |  | Remote control |  |
| Best remote control code |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ RC-5 ${ }^{(3)}$ RC-6 ${ }^{(4)}$ Panasonic ${ }^{(5)}$ NEC ${ }^{(6)}$ Sharp ${ }^{(7)}$ r-step ${ }^{(8)}$ Thomson RCA |  |

## Note

(1) We advise try AGC4 first if the burst length is unknown.

TSOP312.., TSOP314..

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## APPLICATION CIRCUIT


$R_{1}$ and $C_{1}$ are recommended for protection against EOS. Components should be in the range of $33 \Omega<R_{1}<1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, $\mathrm{C}_{1}>0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | VALUE | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage (pin 2) |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | -0.3 to +6.0 | V |
| Supply current (pin 2) |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | 3 | mA |
| Output voltage (pin 3) |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | -0.3 to $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}+0.3\right)$ | V |
| Output current (pin 3) |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | 5 | mA |
| Junction temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | 100 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | -25 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating temperature range |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | $-25 \mathrm{to} \mathrm{+85}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Power consumption |  | $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | 10 | mW |
| Soldering temperature |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {sd }}$ | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Note

- Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability.

ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITION | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply current (pin 2) | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{v}}=0, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | ISD | 0.27 | 0.35 | 0.45 | mA |
|  | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{v}}=40 \mathrm{klx}$, sunlight | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {SH }}$ |  | 0.45 |  | mA |
| Supply voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{S}$ | 2.5 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Transmission distance | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{v}}=0$, test signal see fig. 1 , IR diode TSAL6200, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{F}}=200 \mathrm{~mA}$ | d |  | 45 |  | m |
| Output voltage low (pin 3) | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OSL}}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{e}}=0.7 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, test signal see fig. 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OSL }}$ |  |  | 100 | mV |
| Minimum irradiance | Pulse width tolerance: <br> $t_{\mathrm{pi}}-5 / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}<\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{po}}<\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pi}}+6 / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}$, test signal see fig. 1 | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{emin} \text {. }}$ |  | 0.12 | 0.25 | $\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ |
| Maximum irradiance | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pi}}-5 / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}<\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{po}}<\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pi}}+6 / \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}$, test signal see fig. 1 | $\mathrm{E}_{\text {e max }}$. | 30 |  |  | W/m ${ }^{2}$ |
| Directivity | Angle of half transmission distance | $\varphi_{1 / 2}$ |  | $\pm 45$ |  | deg |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$, unless otherwise specified)
$\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{e}}{ }^{\wedge}$ Optical Test Signal
(IR diode TSAL6200, $I_{F}=0.4 \mathrm{~A}, 30$ pulses, $f=f_{0}, t=10 \mathrm{~ms}$ )

${ }^{*} t_{\mathrm{pi}} \geq 10 / f_{0}$ is recommended for optimal function


Fig. 1 - Output Active Low


Fig. 2 - Pulse Length and Sensitivity in Dark Ambient


Fig. 3 - Output Function


Fig. 4 - Output Pulse Diagram


Fig. 5 - Frequency Dependence of Responsivity


Fig. 6 - Sensitivity in Bright Ambient

$\Delta V_{\text {SMS }}-A C$ Voltage on DC Supply Voltage ( mV )
Fig. 7 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances


Fig. 8 - Maximum Envelope Duty Cycle vs. Burst Length

TSOP312.., TSOP314..
Vishay Semiconductors


Fig. 9 - Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature


Fig. 10 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

Fig. 11 - Horizontal Directivity

## SUITABLE DATA FORMAT

This series is designed to suppress spurious output pulses due to noise or disturbance signals. The devices can distinguish data signals from noise due to differences in frequency, burst length, and envelope duty cycle. The data signal should be close to the device's band-pass center frequency (e.g. 38 kHz ) and fulfill the conditions in the table below.
When a data signal is applied to the product in the presence of a disturbance, the sensitivity of the receiver is automatically reduced by the AGC to insure that no spurious pulses are present at the receiver's output. Some examples which are suppressed are:

- DC light (e.g. from tungsten bulbs sunlight)
- Continuous signals at any frequency
- Strongly or weakly modulated patterns from fluorescent lamps with electronic ballasts (see figure 14 or figure 15).


Fig. 14 - IR Disturbance from Fluorescent Lamp with Low Modulation


Fig. 15 - IR Disturbance from Fluorescent Lamp with High Modulation

|  | TSOP312.. | TSOP314.. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum burst length | 10 cycles/burst | 10 cycles/burst |
| After each burst of length <br> a minimum gap time is required of | 10 to 70 cycles <br> $\geq 10$ cycles | 70 to 35 cycles <br> $\geq 10 ~ c y c l e s ~$ |
| For bursts greater than <br> a minimum gap time in the data stream is needed of | 70 cycles <br> Maximum number of continuous short bursts/second | 180 cycles |
| NEC code | yes | yes |
| RC5/RC6 code | yes | preferred |
| Thomson 56 kHz code | yes | preferred |
| Sharp code | Most common disturbance <br> patterns are suppressed | Even extreme disturbance <br> patterns are suppressed |
| Suppression of interference from fluorescent lamps |  | preferred |

## Notes

- For data formats with short bursts please see the datasheet for TSOP311... TSOP313..
- Best choice of AGC for some popular IR-codes::
- TSOP31436: RC-5, RC-6, Panasonic
- TSOP31438: NEC, Sharp, r-map
- TSOP31456: $r$-step, Thomson RCA
- For SIRCS 15 and 20 bit, Sony 12 bit IR-codes, please see the datasheet for TSOP34S40, TSOP32S40


## www.vishay.com

Vishay Semiconductors
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters


Drawing-No.: 6.550-5095.01-4
Issue: 20; 15.03.10
9612116

## Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

## Material Category Policy

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.

